

# Lubrication

## Lubrication using a grease gun or a progressive feeder system

▲ Pay attention to the “Note on lubrication” chapter: We recommend **Dynalub 510**. For more information, refer to the “Note on lubrication” chapter.

▲ Never commission ball runner blocks without having carried out basic lubrication on them. In the case of pre-lubrication at the factory initial lubrication is not necessary. Rexroth ball rail systems are delivered preserved.

### Initial lubrication of the ball runner blocks (basic lubrication)

#### Stroke $\geq 2 \cdot$ ball runner block length $B_1$ (normal stroke)

- ▶ Attach one lube port per ball runner block on the left-hand **or** the right-hand side and lubricate it!

Initial lubrication is applied in three partial quantities as specified in table 1:

1. Grease the ball runner block with the first partial quantity as per table 1, pressing it in slowly with the help of a grease gun.
2. Run the ball runner block with three double strokes of 3 ball runner block length  $B_1$ .
3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 two more times.
4. Check whether you can see a film of grease on the ball guide rail.

#### Stroke $< 2 \cdot$ ball runner block length $B_1$ (short stroke)

- ▶ Attach two lube ports per ball runner block; one each on the left-hand **and** the right-hand side and lubricate them!

Initial lubrication is applied to each fitting in three partial quantities as specified in table 2:

1. Grease each fitting on the ball runner block with the first partial quantity as per table 2, pressing it in slowly with the help of a grease gun.
2. Run the ball runner block with three double strokes of 3 ball runner block length  $B_1$ .
3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 two more times.
4. Check whether you can see a film of grease on the ball guide rail.


Size	Initial lubrication (normal stroke)				
	Material number (not initially greased)		Material number (pre-lubricated)		
	R16.. ... 10	R20.. ... 04/0Z	R16.. ... 20/2Z	R20.. ... 30/3Z	R16.. ... 70/7Z
	R16.. ... 11	R20.. ... 05	R16.. ... 21	R20.. ... 31	R16.. ... 71
	R16.. ... 60	R20.. ... 06/0Y	R16.. ... 22/2Y	R20.. ... 32/3Y	R16.. ... 72/7Y
		R20.. ... 07	R16.. ... 23	R20.. ... 33	R16.. ... 73
			R16.. ... 90	R20.. ... 90	
	<b>Partial amount (cm<sup>3</sup>)</b>				
15	0.4 (3x)				
20	0.7 (3x)				
25	1.4 (3x)				
30	2.2 (3x)				
35	2.2 (3x)				
45	-				
55	9.4 (3x)				
65	15.4 (3x)				
20/40	-				
25/70	-				
35/90	2.7 (3x)				

Table 1

Size	Initial lubrication (short stroke)				
	Material number (not pre-lubricated)		Material number (pre-lubricated)		
	R16.. ... 10	R20.. ... 04/0Z	R16.. ... 20/2Z	R20.. ... 30/3Z	R16.. ... 70/7Z
	R16.. ... 11	R20.. ... 05	R16.. ... 21	R20.. ... 31	R16.. ... 71
	R16.. ... 60	R20.. ... 06/0Y	R16.. ... 22/2Y	R20.. ... 32/3Y	R16.. ... 72/7Y
		R20.. ... 07	R16.. ... 23	R20.. ... 33	R16.. ... 73
			R16.. ... 90	R20.. ... 90	
	<b>Partial amount per port (cm<sup>3</sup>)</b>				
	<b>left</b>	<b>right</b>			
15	0.4 (3x)	0.4 (3x)	Pre-lubricated with Dynalub 510 before shipment		
20	0.7 (3x)	0.7 (3x)			
25	1.4 (3x)	1.4 (3x)			
30	2.2 (3x)	2.2 (3x)			
35	2.2 (3x)	2.2 (3x)			
45	-		-		
55	9.4 (3x)	9.4 (3x)			
65	15.4 (3x)	15.4 (3x)			
20/40	-		Pre-lubricated with Dynalub 510 before shipment		
25/70	-				
35/90	2.7 (3x)	2.7 (3x)	-		

Table 2


**Lubrication using a grease gun or a progressive feeder system (continued)**
**Relubrication of runner blocks**
**Stroke  $\geq 2 \cdot$  ball runner block length  $B_1$   
(normal stroke)**

- ▶ If the relubrication interval according to diagram 1 or 2  216 has been reached, insert the relubrication amount in accordance with table 3.

Size	Relubrication (normal stroke)					
	Material number		Material number			
	R16.. ... 10	R20.. ... 04/OZ	R16.. ... 20/2Z	R20.. ... 30/3Z	R16.. ... 70/7Z	
	R16.. ... 11	R20.. ... 05	R16.. ... 21	R20.. ... 31	R16.. ... 71	
	R16.. ... 60	R20.. ... 06/OY	R16.. ... 22/2Y	R20.. ... 32/3Y	R16.. ... 72/7Y	
		R20.. ... 07	R16.. ... 23	R20.. ... 33	R16.. ... 73	
			R20.. ... 90			
	Partial amount (cm <sup>3</sup> )			Partial amount (cm <sup>3</sup> )		
15	0.4 (1x)			0.4 (2x)		
20	0.7 (1x)			0.7 (2x)		
25	1.4 (1x)			1.4 (2x)		
30	2.2 (1x)			2.2 (2x)		
35	2.2 (1x)			2.2 (2x)		
45	-			4.7 (2x)		
55	9.4 (1x)			-		
65	15.4 (1x)			-		
20/40	-			1.0 (2x)		
25/70	-			1.4 (2x)		
35/90	2.7 (1x)			-		

Table 3

**Stroke  $< 2$  ball runner block length  $B_1$   
(short stroke)**

- ▶ If the relubrication interval according to diagram 1 or 2  216 has been reached, insert the relubrication amount in accordance with table 4 per lube port.
- ▶ Per lubrication cycle, the ball runner block should be run with a double stroke of  $3 \cdot$  ball runner block length  $B_1$ ; however, the minimum stroke must be ball runner block length  $B_1$ .

Size	Relubrication (short stroke)					
	Material number		Material number			
	R16.. ... 10	R20.. ... 04/OZ	R16.. ... 20/2Z	R20.. ... 30/3Z	R16.. ... 70/7Z	
	R16.. ... 11	R20.. ... 05	R16.. ... 21	R20.. ... 31	R16.. ... 71	
	R16.. ... 60	R20.. ... 06/OY	R16.. ... 22/2Y	R20.. ... 32/3Y	R16.. ... 72/7Y	
		R20.. ... 07	R16.. ... 23	R20.. ... 33	R16.. ... 73	
			R20.. ... 90			
	Partial amount per port (cm <sup>3</sup> )		Partial amount per port (cm <sup>3</sup> )			
	left	right	left	right	left	right
15	0.4 (1x)	0.4 (1x)	0.4 (2x)		0.4 (2x)	
20	0.7 (1x)	0.7 (1x)	0.7 (2x)		0.7 (2x)	
25	1.4 (1x)	1.4 (1x)	1.4 (2x)		1.4 (2x)	
30	2.2 (1x)	2.2 (1x)	2.2 (2x)		2.2 (2x)	
35	2.2 (1x)	2.2 (1x)	2.2 (2x)		2.2 (2x)	
45	-		4.7 (2x)		4.7 (2x)	
55	9.4 (1x)	9.4 (1x)	-			
65	15.4 (1x)	15.4 (1x)	-			
20/40	-		1.0 (2x)		1.0 (2x)	
25/70	-		1.4 (2x)		1.4 (2x)	
35/90	2.7 (1x)	2.7 (1x)	-			

Table 4

# Lubrication

## Load-dependent relubrication intervals for grease lubrication using grease guns or progressive feeder systems ("dry axes")

### The following conditions apply:

- ▶ Grease lubricant Dynalub 510 or alternatively Castrol Longtime PD 2
- ▶ No exposure to metalworking fluids
- ▶ Standard seals (SS)
- ▶ Ambient temperature:  
T = 20 – 30 °C

### Key

- C = Dynamic load capacity (N)
- $F_{comb}$  = Dynamically combined equivalent load (N)
- $F_{comb}/C$  = Load ratio (-)
- s = Relubrication interval as running distance (km)

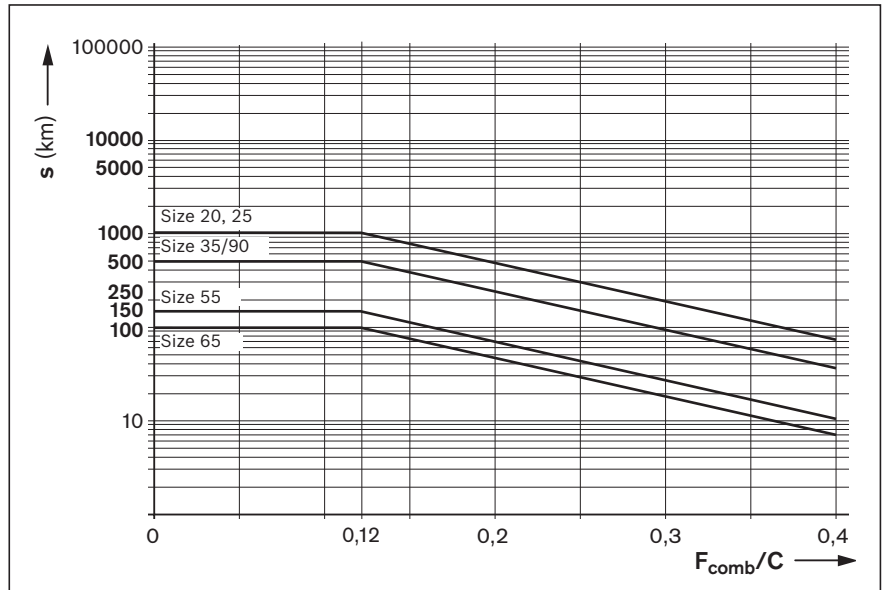
### Definition of $F_{comb}/C$

The load ratio  $F_{comb}/C$  describes the ratio of the dynamic equivalent load with combined load on the bearing  $F_{comb}$  (taking into account the internal pre-tensioning force  $F_{pr}$ ) and the dynamic load capacity C.

### Please consult us regarding the relubrication intervals in the following cases:

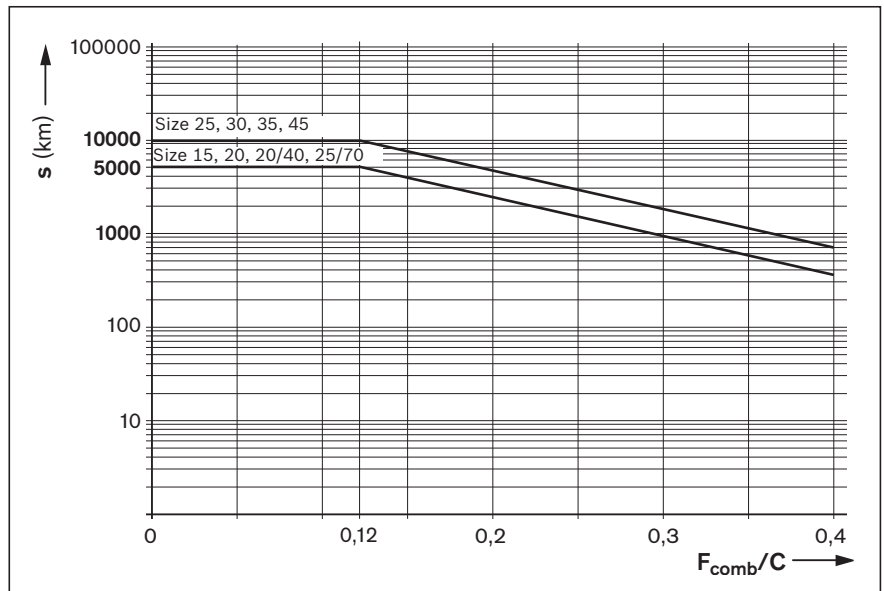
- ▶ exposure to metalworking fluids
- ▶ with dust coverage (wood, paper, etc.)
- ▶ use of double-lipped seals (DS)
- ▶ use of standard seals (SS) in combination with end seals or FKM seals or seal kits

**⚠** Pay attention to the notes on lubrication!



Graph 1

Material number		
R16.. ... 10	R16.. ... 11	R16.. ... 60



Graph 2

Material number				
R20.. ... 04	R16.. ... 20	R20.. ... 30	R16.. ... 70	R20.. ... 90
R20.. ... 05	R16.. ... 21	R20.. ... 31	R16.. ... 71	
R20.. ... 06	R16.. ... 22	R20.. ... 32	R16.. ... 72	
R20.. ... 07	R16.. ... 23	R20.. ... 33	R16.. ... 73	

## Liquid grease lubrication via single-line piston distributor systems

**Fluid grease:** We recommend **Dynalub 520**

⚠ Never commission ball runner blocks without having carried out basic lubrication on them. In the case of pre-lubrication at the factory initial lubrication is not necessary. Rexroth ball rail systems are delivered preserved.

### Initial lubrication of the ball runner blocks (basic lubrication)

**Stroke  $\geq 2 \cdot$  ball runner block length  $B_1$  (normal stroke)**

- ▶ Attach one lube port per ball runner block on the left-hand **or** the right-hand side and lubricate it!

Initial lubrication is applied in three partial quantities as specified in table 5:

1. Grease the ball runner block with the first partial quantity as per table 5, pressing it in slowly with the help of a grease gun.
2. Run the ball runner block with three double strokes of  $3 \cdot$  ball runner block length  $B_1$ .
3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 two more times.
4. Check whether you can see a film of grease on the ball guide rail.

### Stroke $< 2 \cdot$ ball runner block length $B_1$ (short stroke)

- ▶ Attach two lube ports per ball runner block; one each on the left-hand **and** the right-hand side and lubricate them!

Initial lubrication is carried out three times per port using the partial amount stated in table 6:

1. Grease each fitting on the ball runner block with the first partial quantity as per table 6, pressing it in slowly with the help of a grease gun.
2. Run the ball runner block with three double strokes of  $3 \cdot$  ball runner block length  $B_1$ .
3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 two more times.
4. Check whether you can see a film of grease on the ball guide rail.

Size	Initial lubrication (normal stroke)			
	Material number (not initially greased)		Material number (pre-lubricated)	
	R16.. ... 10	R20.. ... 04/0Z	R16.. ... 20/2Z	R20.. ... 30/3Z
	R16.. ... 11	R20.. ... 05	R16.. ... 21	R20.. ... 31
	R16.. ... 60	R20.. ... 06/0Y	R16.. ... 22/2Y	R20.. ... 32/3Y
		R20.. ... 07	R16.. ... 23	R20.. ... 33
			R20.. ... 90	R16.. ... 70/7Z
				R16.. ... 71
				R16.. ... 72/7Y
				R16.. ... 73
	Partial amount (cm <sup>3</sup> )			
15	0.4 (3x)			
20	0.7 (3x)			
25	1.4 (3x)			
30	2.2 (3x)			
35	2.2 (3x)			
45	-			
55	9.4 (3x)			
65	15.4 (3x)			
20/40	-			
25/70	-			
35/90	2.7 (3x)			

Table 5

Size	Initial lubrication (short stroke)			
	Material number (not initially greased)		Material number (pre-lubricated)	
	R16.. ... 10	R20.. ... 04/0Z	R16.. ... 20/2Z	R20.. ... 30/3Z
	R16.. ... 11	R20.. ... 05	R16.. ... 21	R20.. ... 31
	R16.. ... 60	R20.. ... 06/0Y	R16.. ... 22/2Y	R20.. ... 32/3Y
		R20.. ... 07	R16.. ... 23	R20.. ... 33
			R20.. ... 90	R16.. ... 70/7Z
				R16.. ... 71
				R16.. ... 72/7Y
				R16.. ... 73
	Partial amount per port (cm <sup>3</sup> )			
	left	right		
15	0.4 (3x)	0.4 (3x)	Pre-lubricated with Dynalub 510 before shipment	
20	0.7 (3x)	0.7 (3x)		
25	1.4 (3x)	1.4 (3x)		
30	2.2 (3x)	2.2 (3x)		
35	2.2 (3x)	2.2 (3x)		
45	-		-	
55	9.4 (3x)	9.4 (3x)		
65	15.4 (3x)	15.4 (3x)		
20/40	-		Pre-lubricated with Dynalub 510 before shipment	
25/70	-			
35/90	2.7 (3x)	2.7 (3x)		

Table 6

# Lubrication

## Relubrication of runner blocks

### Stroke $\geq 2 \cdot$ ball runner block length $B_1$ (normal stroke)

- ▶ If the relubrication interval according to diagram 3 or 4 has been reached, insert the relubrication amount in accordance with table 7.

#### Note

The necessary number of pulses is the integer quotient from the minimum relubrication amount according to table 7 and the smallest permissible piston distributor size ( $\hat{=}$  minimum number of pulses) according to table 9.

The smallest permissible piston distributor size also depends on the mounting orientation.

The lubrication cycle results from dividing the relubrication interval by the determined number of pulses (c.f. the rating example).

Size	Relubrication (normal stroke)					
	Material number		Material number			
	R16.. ... 10	R20.. ... 04/0Z	R16.. ... 20/2Z	R20.. ... 30/3Z	R16.. ... 70/7Z	
	R16.. ... 11	R20.. ... 05	R16.. ... 21	R20.. ... 31	R16.. ... 71	
	R16.. ... 60	R20.. ... 06/0Y	R16.. ... 22/2Y	R20.. ... 32/3Y	R16.. ... 72/7Y	
		R20.. ... 07	R16.. ... 23	R20.. ... 33	R16.. ... 73	
				R20.. ... 90		
	Partial amount (cm <sup>3</sup> )			Partial amount (cm <sup>3</sup> )		
15	0.4 (1x)			0.4 (2x)		
20	0.7 (1x)			0.7 (2x)		
25	1.4 (1x)			1.4 (2x)		
30	2.2 (1x)			2.2 (2x)		
35	2.2 (1x)			2.2 (2x)		
45	-			4.7 (2x)		
55	9.4 (1x)			-		
65	15.4 (1x)			-		
20/40	-			1.0 (2x)		
25/70	-			1.4 (2x)		
35/90	2.7 (1x)			-		

Table 7

### Stroke $< 2 \cdot$ ball runner block length $B_1$ (short stroke)

- ▶ If the relubrication interval according to diagram 3 or 4 has been reached, insert the relubrication amount in accordance with table 8 per lube port.
- ▶ Calculate the required pulse count and lubricant cycle time in the same way as for relubrication (normal stroke).
- ▶ Per lubrication cycle, the ball runner block should be run with a double stroke of  $3 \cdot$  ball runner block length  $B_1$ ; however, the minimum stroke must be ball runner block length  $B_1$ .

Size	Relubrication (short stroke)					
	Material number		Material number			
	R16.. ... 10	R20.. ... 04/0Z	R16.. ... 20/2Z	R20.. ... 30/3Z	R16.. ... 70/7Z	
	R16.. ... 11	R20.. ... 05	R16.. ... 21	R20.. ... 31	R16.. ... 71	
	R16.. ... 60	R20.. ... 06/0Y	R16.. ... 22/2Y	R20.. ... 32/3Y	R16.. ... 72/7Y	
		R20.. ... 07	R16.. ... 23	R20.. ... 33	R16.. ... 73	
				R20.. ... 90		
	Partial amount per port (cm <sup>3</sup> )		Partial amount per port (cm <sup>3</sup> )			
	left	right	left	right	left	right
15	0.4 (1x)	0.4 (1x)	0.4 (2x)	0.4 (2x)	0.4 (2x)	0.4 (2x)
20	0.7 (1x)	0.7 (1x)	0.7 (2x)	0.7 (2x)	0.7 (2x)	0.7 (2x)
25	1.4 (1x)	1.4 (1x)	1.4 (2x)	1.4 (2x)	1.4 (2x)	1.4 (2x)
30	2.2 (1x)	2.2 (1x)	2.2 (2x)	2.2 (2x)	2.2 (2x)	2.2 (2x)
35	2.2 (1x)	2.2 (1x)	2.2 (2x)	2.2 (2x)	2.2 (2x)	2.2 (2x)
45	-		4.7 (2x)	4.7 (2x)	4.7 (2x)	4.7 (2x)
55	9.4 (1x)	9.4 (1x)	-			
65	15.4 (1x)	15.4 (1x)	-			
20/40	-		1.0 (2x)	1.0 (2x)	1.0 (2x)	1.0 (2x)
25/70	-		1.4 (2x)	1.4 (2x)	1.4 (2x)	1.4 (2x)
35/90	2.7 (1x)	2.7 (1x)	-			

Table 8

- ⚠ Pay attention to the notes on lubrication!

**Liquid grease lubrication via single-line piston distributor systems (continued)**

**Load-dependent relubrication intervals for liquid grease lubrication via single-line piston distributor systems (“dry axes”)**

**The following conditions apply:**

- ▶ Liquid grease Dynalub 520 or alternatively Castrol Longtime PD 00
- ▶ No exposure to metalworking fluids
- ▶ Standard seals (SS)
- ▶ Ambient temperature:  
T = 20 – 30 °C

**Key**

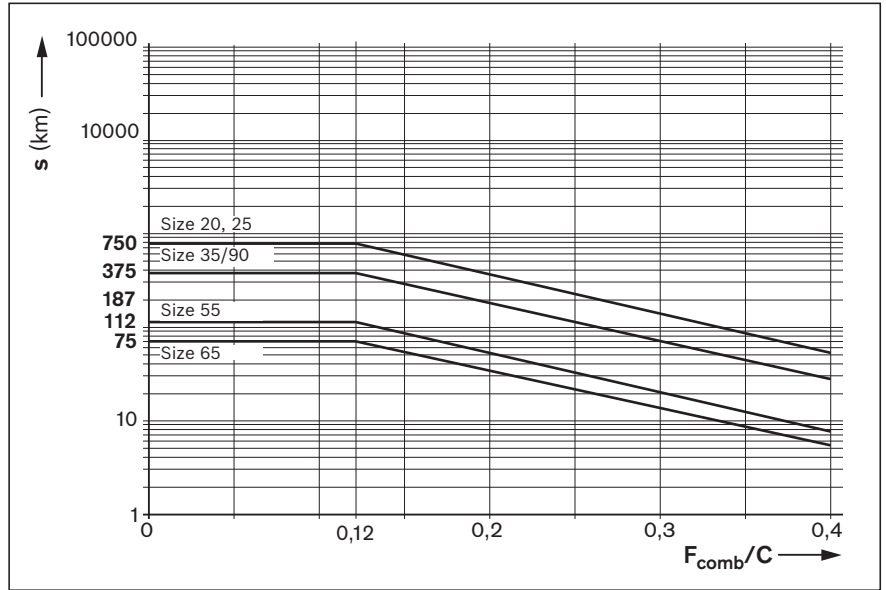
- C = Dynamic load capacity (N)
- F<sub>comb</sub> = Dynamically combined equivalent load (N)
- F<sub>comb</sub>/C = Load ratio (-)
- s = Relubrication interval as running distance (km)

**Definition of F<sub>comb</sub>/C**

The load ratio F<sub>comb</sub>/C describes the ratio of the dynamic equivalent load with combined load on the bearing F<sub>comb</sub> (taking into account the internal pre-tensioning force F<sub>pr</sub>) and the dynamic load capacity C.

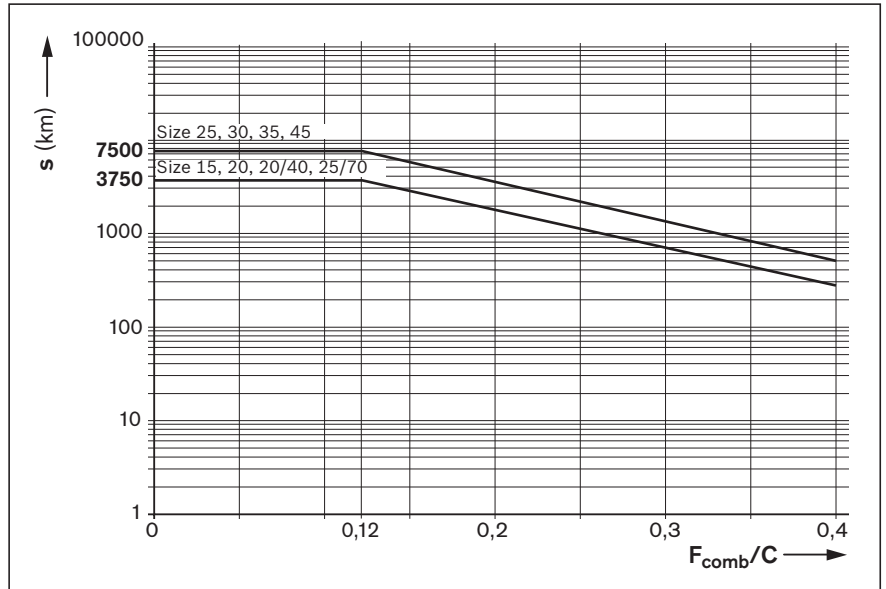
**Please consult us regarding the relubrication intervals in the following cases:**

- ▶ exposure to metalworking fluids
- ▶ with dust coverage (wood, paper, etc.)
- ▶ use of double-lipped seals (DS)
- ▶ use of standard seals (SS) in combination with end seals or FKM seals or seal kits



Graph 3

Material number		
R16.. ... 10	R16.. ... 11	R16.. ... 60



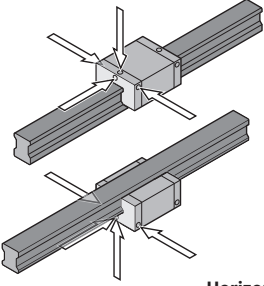
Graph 4

Material number				
R20.. ... 04	R16.. ... 20	R20.. ... 30	R16.. ... 70	R20.. ... 90
R20.. ... 05	R16.. ... 21	R20.. ... 31	R16.. ... 71	
R20.. ... 06	R16.. ... 22	R20.. ... 32	R16.. ... 72	
R20.. ... 07	R16.. ... 23	R20.. ... 33	R16.. ... 73	

⚠ Pay attention to the notes on lubrication!

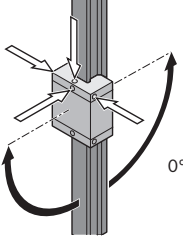
# Lubrication

**Mounting orientation I – normal stroke**  
**Horizontal**  
1 lube port can be used on a ball bearing guide on the left **or** on the right



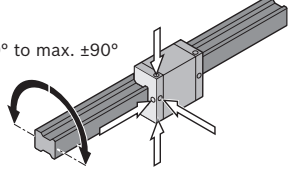
**Horizontal, top-down**  
Same port

**Mounting orientation II – normal stroke**  
**Vertical to inclined horizontal**  
1 lube port at top end cap



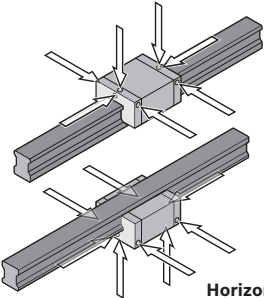
**Vertical to inclined horizontal, top-down**  
Same port

**Mounting orientation III – normal stroke**  
**Wall mounting**  
1 lube port can be used on a ball bearing guide on the left **or** on the right



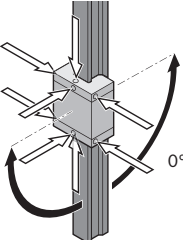
**Same port**

**Mounting orientation IV – short stroke**  
**Horizontal**  
2 lube ports with one port each on the left-hand ball bearing guide **and** on the right-hand one



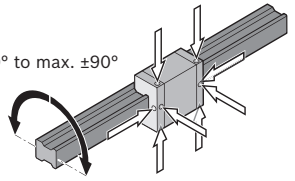
**Horizontal, top-down**  
Same ports

**Mounting orientation V – short stroke**  
**Vertical to inclined horizontal**  
2 lube ports with one port each on the top ball bearing guide **and** on the bottom one



**Vertical to inclined horizontal, top-down**  
Same ports

**Mounting orientation VI – short stroke**  
**Wall mounting**  
2 lube ports with one port each on the left-hand ball bearing guide **and** on the right-hand one



**Same ports**

**Smallest permissible piston distributor sizes for fluid grease lubrication via single-line consumption lubrication systems<sup>1)</sup>**

Ball runner block				Smallest permissible piston distributor size (≅ minimum number of pulses) per port (cm <sup>3</sup> ) with fluid grease of NLGI grade 00											
				Size											
Material number				Part number	15	20	25	30	35	45	55	65	20/40	25/70	35/90
R16.. ... 10				Horizontal I, IV Vertical II, V Wall mount. III, VI	-	0.30	0.30	-	-	-	0.30	0.30	-	-	0.30
R16.. ... 11															
R16.. ... 60															
R20.. ... 04	R16.. ... 20	R20.. ... 30	R16.. ... 70	Horizontal I, IV Vertical II, V Wall mount. III, VI	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.10	0.10	-	0.03	0.03	-	-
R20.. ... 0Z	R16.. ... 2Z	R20.. ... 3Z	R16.. ... 7Z												
R20.. ... 05	R16.. ... 21	R20.. ... 31	R16.. ... 71												
R20.. ... 06	R16.. ... 22	R20.. ... 32	R16.. ... 72	Wall mount. III, VI	0.03	0.06	0.06	0.10	0.20	0.20	-	0.06	0.06	-	-
R20.. ... 0Y	R16.. ... 2Y	R20.. ... 3Y	R16.. ... 7Y												
R20.. ... 07	R16.. ... 23	R20.. ... 33	R16.. ... 73												
		R20.. ... 90													

Table 9

- 1) The following conditions apply:
- Fluid grease Dynalub 520 (or alternatively Castrol Longtime PD 00) and piston distributor made by SKF
  - Lubrication channels must be filled
  - Ambient temperature T = 20 – 30 °C

## Oil lubrication via single-line piston distributor systems

### Oil lubricant

We recommend **Shell Tonna S3 M220** with the following properties:

- ▶ Special demulsifying oil CLP or CGLP as per DIN 51517-3 for machine bed tracks and tool guides
- ▶ A blend of highly refined mineral oils and additives
- ▶ Can also be used if intensely mixed with coolants/lubricants.

⚠ Pay attention to the notes on lubrication!

⚠ Never commission ball runner blocks without having carried out basic lubrication on them. In the case of pre-lubrication at the factory initial lubrication is not necessary. Rexroth ball rail systems are delivered preserved.

### Initial lubrication of the ball runner blocks (basic lubrication)

#### Stroke $\geq 2 \cdot$ ball runner block length $B_1$ (normal stroke)

- ▶ Attach one lube port per ball runner block on the left-hand **or** the right-hand side and lubricate it!

Initial lubrication is applied in two partial quantities as specified in table 10:

1. Apply the first of the oil quantities as specified in table 10 to the ball runner block.
2. Run the ball runner block with three double strokes of  $3 \cdot$  ball runner block length  $B_1$ .
3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 two more times.
4. Check whether you can see a film of grease on the ball guide rail.

#### Stroke $< 2 \cdot$ ball runner block length $B_1$ (short stroke)

- ▶ Attach two lube ports per ball runner block; one each on the left-hand **and** the right-hand side and lubricate them!

Initial lubrication is carried out twice per port using the partial amount stated in table 11:

1. Apply the first of the oil quantities as specified in table 11 to each fitting of the ball runner block.
2. Run the ball runner block with three double strokes of  $3 \cdot$  ball runner block length  $B_1$ .
3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 two more times.
4. Check whether you can see a film of grease on the ball guide rail.

Size	Initial lubrication (normal stroke)				
	Material number (not initially greased)		Material number (pre-lubricated)		
	R16.. ... 10	R20.. ... 04/0Z	R16.. ... 20/2Z	R20.. ... 30/3Z	R16.. ... 70/7Z
	R16.. ... 11	R20.. ... 05	R16.. ... 21	R20.. ... 31	R16.. ... 71
	R16.. ... 60	R20.. ... 06/0Y	R16.. ... 22/2Y	R20.. ... 32/3Y	R16.. ... 72/7Y
		R20.. ... 07	R16.. ... 23	R20.. ... 33	R16.. ... 73
	Partial amount (cm <sup>3</sup> )				
15	0.4 (2x)				
20	0.7 (2x)				
25	1.0 (2x)				
30	1.1 (2x)				
35	1.2 (2x)				
45	–				
55	3.6 (2x)				
65	6.0 (2x)				
20/40	–				
25/70	–				
35/90	1.8 (2x)				

Table 10

Size	Initial lubrication (short stroke)				
	Material number (not pre-lubricated)		Material number (pre-lubricated)		
	R16.. ... 10	R20.. ... 04/0Z	R16.. ... 20/2Z	R20.. ... 30/3Z	R16.. ... 70/7Z
	R16.. ... 11	R20.. ... 05	R16.. ... 21	R20.. ... 31	R16.. ... 71
	R16.. ... 60	R20.. ... 06/0Y	R16.. ... 22/2Y	R20.. ... 32/3Y	R16.. ... 72/7Y
		R20.. ... 07	R16.. ... 23	R20.. ... 33	R16.. ... 73
	Partial amount per port (cm <sup>3</sup> )				
	left	right			
15	0.4 (2x)	0.4 (2x)			
20	0.7 (2x)	0.7 (2x)			
25	1.0 (2x)	1.0 (2x)			
30	1.1 (2x)	1.1 (2x)			
35	1.2 (2x)	1.2 (2x)			
45	–				
55	3.6 (2x)	3.6 (2x)			
65	6.0 (2x)	6.0 (2x)			
20/40	–				
25/70	–				
35/90	1.8 (2x)	1.8 (2x)			

Table 11



# Lubrication

## Relubrication of runner blocks

### Stroke $\geq 2 \cdot$ ball runner block length $B_1$ (normal stroke)

- ▶ If the relubrication interval according to diagram 5 or 6 has been reached, insert the relubrication amount in accordance with table 12.

#### Note

The necessary number of pulses is the integer quotient from the minimum relubrication amount according to table 12 and the smallest permissible piston distributor size ( $\hat{=}$  minimum number of pulses) according to table 14.

The smallest permissible piston distributor size also depends on the mounting orientation.

The lubrication cycle results from dividing the relubrication interval by the determined number of pulses (c.f. the rating example).

### Stroke $< 2 \cdot$ ball runner block length $B_1$ (short stroke)

- ▶ If the relubrication interval according to diagram 5 or 6 has been reached, insert the relubrication amount in accordance with table 13 **per** lube port.
- ▶ Calculate the required pulse count and lubricant cycle time in the same way as for relubrication (normal stroke).
- ▶ Per lubrication cycle, the ball runner block should be run with a double stroke of  $3 \cdot$  ball runner block length  $B_1$ ; however, the minimum stroke must be ball runner block length  $B_1$ .

**▲** Pay attention to the notes on lubrication!

Size	Relubrication (normal stroke)					
	Material number			Material number		
	R16.. ... 10	R20.. ... 04/0Z	R16.. ... 20/2Z	R20.. ... 30/3Z	R16.. ... 70/7Z	
	R16.. ... 11	R20.. ... 05	R16.. ... 21	R20.. ... 31	R16.. ... 71	
	R16.. ... 60	R20.. ... 06/0Y	R16.. ... 22/2Y	R20.. ... 32/3Y	R16.. ... 72/7Y	
		R20.. ... 07	R16.. ... 23	R20.. ... 33	R16.. ... 73	
				R20.. ... 90		
	Partial amount (cm <sup>3</sup> )			Partial amount (cm <sup>3</sup> )		
15	0.4 (1x)			0.4 (1x)		
20	0.7 (1x)			0.7 (1x)		
25	1.0 (1x)			1.0 (1x)		
30	1.1 (1x)			1.1 (1x)		
35	1.2 (1x)			1.2 (1x)		
45	-			2.2 (1x)		
55	3.6 (1x)			-		
65	6.0 (1x)			-		
20/40	-			0.7 (1x)		
25/70	-			1.1 (1x)		
35/90	1.8 (1x)			-		

Table 12

Size	Relubrication (short stroke)					
	Material number			Material number		
	R16.. ... 10	R20.. ... 04/0Z	R16.. ... 20/2Z	R20.. ... 30/3Z	R16.. ... 70/7Z	
	R16.. ... 11	R20.. ... 05	R16.. ... 21	R20.. ... 31	R16.. ... 71	
	R16.. ... 60	R20.. ... 06/0Y	R16.. ... 22/2Y	R20.. ... 32/3Y	R16.. ... 72/7Y	
		R20.. ... 07	R16.. ... 23	R20.. ... 33	R16.. ... 73	
				R20.. ... 90		
	Partial amount per port (cm <sup>3</sup> )			Partial amount per port (cm <sup>3</sup> )		
	left	right	left	right	left	right
15	0.4 (1x)	0.4 (1x)	0.4 (1x)	0.4 (1x)	0.4 (1x)	0.4 (1x)
20	0.7 (1x)	0.7 (1x)	0.7 (1x)	0.7 (1x)	0.7 (1x)	0.7 (1x)
25	1.0 (1x)	1.0 (1x)	1.0 (1x)	1.0 (1x)	1.0 (1x)	1.0 (1x)
30	1.1 (1x)	1.1 (1x)	1.1 (1x)	1.1 (1x)	1.1 (1x)	1.1 (1x)
35	1.2 (1x)	1.2 (1x)	1.2 (1x)	1.2 (1x)	1.2 (1x)	1.2 (1x)
45	-			2.2 (1x)		
55	3.6 (1x)	3.6 (1x)	-			
65	6.0 (1x)	6.0 (1x)	-			
20/40	-			0.7 (1x)	0.7 (1x)	
25/70	-			1.1 (1x)	1.1 (1x)	
35/90	1.8 (1x)	1.8 (1x)	-			

Table 13

**Oil lubrication via single-line piston distributor systems (continued)**

**Load-dependent relubrication intervals for oil lubrication via single-line piston distributor systems (“dry axes”)**

**The following conditions apply:**

- ▶ Shell Tonna S3 M220 lubricant oil
- ▶ No exposure to metalworking fluids
- ▶ Standard seals (SS)
- ▶ Ambient temperature:  
T = 20 – 30 °C

**Key**

- C = Dynamic load capacity (N)
- F<sub>comb</sub> = Dynamically combined equivalent load (N)
- F<sub>comb</sub>/C = Load ratio (-)
- s = Relubrication interval as running distance (km)

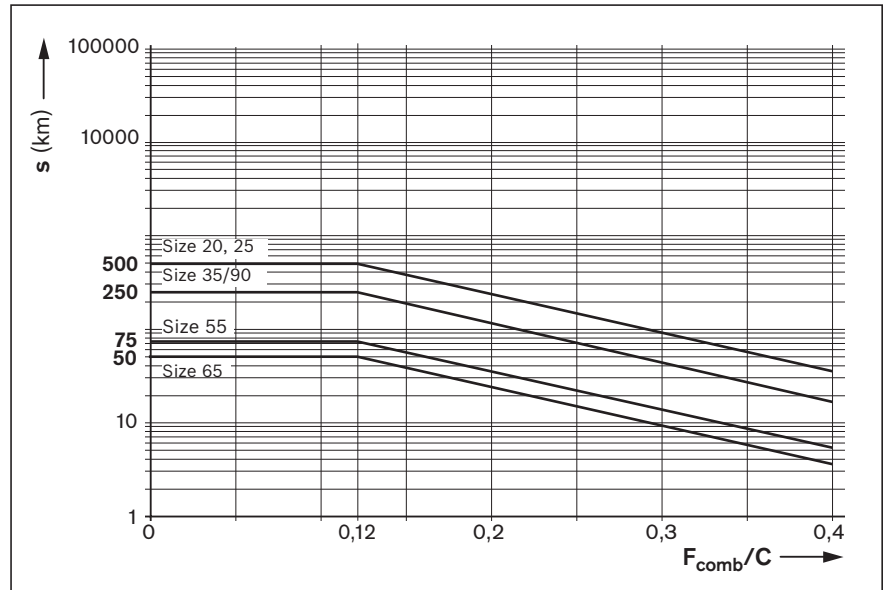
**Definition of F<sub>comb</sub>/C**

The load ratio F<sub>comb</sub>/C describes the ratio of the dynamic equivalent load with combined load on the bearing F<sub>comb</sub> (taking into account the internal pre-tensioning force F<sub>pr</sub>) and the dynamic load capacity C.

**Please consult us regarding the relubrication intervals in the following cases:**

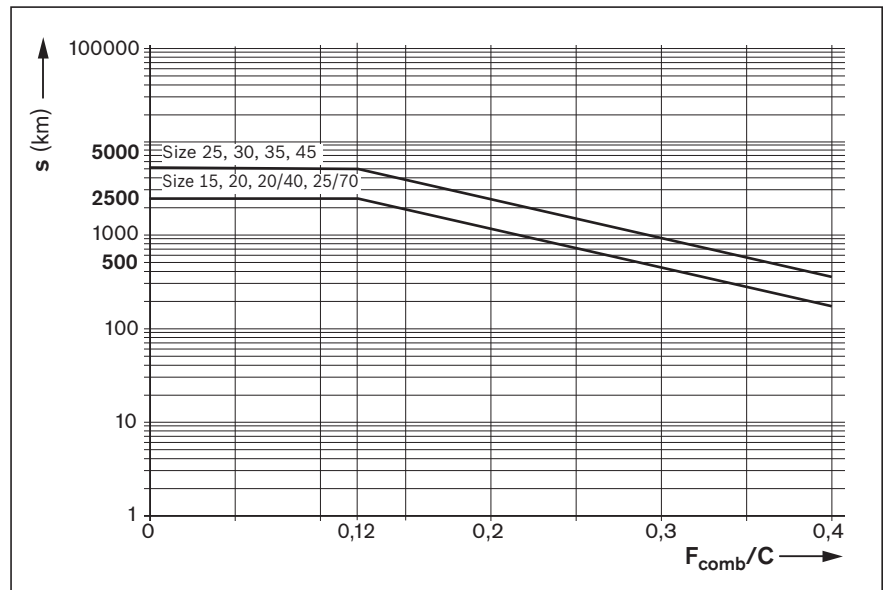
- ▶ exposure to metalworking fluids
- ▶ with dust coverage (wood, paper, etc.)
- ▶ use of double-lipped seals (DS)
- ▶ use of standard seals (SS) in combination with end seals or FKM seals or seal kits

⚠ Pay attention to the notes on lubrication!



Graph 5

Material number		
R16.. ... 10	R16.. ... 11	R16.. ... 60



Graph 6

Material number				
R20.. ... 04	R16.. ... 20	R20.. ... 30	R16.. ... 70	R20.. ... 90
R20.. ... 05	R16.. ... 21	R20.. ... 31	R16.. ... 71	
R20.. ... 06	R16.. ... 22	R20.. ... 32	R16.. ... 72	
R20.. ... 07	R16.. ... 23	R20.. ... 33	R16.. ... 73	

# Lubrication

**Mounting orientation I – normal stroke**  
**Horizontal**  
 1 lube port can be used on a ball bearing guide on the left **or** on the right

**Horizontal, top-down**  
Same port

**Mounting orientation II – normal stroke**  
**Vertical to inclined horizontal**  
 1 lube port at top end cap

**Vertical to inclined horizontal, top-down**  
Same port

**Mounting orientation III – normal stroke**  
**Wall mounting**  
 1 lube port can be used on a ball bearing guide on the left **or** on the right

**Same port**

**Mounting orientation IV – short stroke**  
**Horizontal**  
 2 lube ports with one port each on the left-hand ball bearing guide **and** on the right-hand one

**Horizontal, top-down**  
Same ports

**Mounting orientation V – short stroke**  
**Vertical to inclined horizontal**  
 2 lube ports with one port each on the top ball bearing guide **and** on the bottom one

**Vertical to inclined horizontal, top-down**  
Same ports

**Mounting orientation VI – short stroke**  
**Wall mounting**  
 2 lube ports with one port each on the left-hand ball bearing guide **and** on the right-hand one

**Same ports**

**Smallest permissible piston distributor sizes for oil lubrication via single-line consumption lubrication systems<sup>1)</sup>**

Ball runner block				Smallest permissible piston distributor size (≅ minimum number of pulses) per port (cm <sup>3</sup> ) with oil viscosity 220 m <sup>2</sup> /s											
				Size											
Material number				Part number	15	20	25	30	35	45	55	65	20/40	25/70	35/90
R16.. ... 10				Horizontal I, IV Vertical II, V Wall mount. III, VI	-	0.60		-			1.50		-		0.60
R16.. ... 11															
R16.. ... 60															
R20.. ... 04	R16.. ... 20	R20.. ... 30	R16.. ... 70	Horizontal I, IV Vertical II, V Wall mount. III, VI	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.06	0.10	0.10			0.03	0.03	
R20.. ... 0Z	R16.. ... 2Z	R20.. ... 3Z	R16.. ... 7Z												
R20.. ... 05	R16.. ... 21	R20.. ... 31	R16.. ... 71												
R20.. ... 06	R16.. ... 22	R20.. ... 32	R16.. ... 72	Wall mount. III, VI	0.03	0.06	0.06	0.10	0.16	0.16			0.06	0.06	-
R20.. ... 0Y	R16.. ... 2Y	R20.. ... 3Y	R16.. ... 7Y												
R20.. ... 07	R16.. ... 23	R20.. ... 33	R16.. ... 73												
		R20.. ... 90													

Table 14

- 1) The following conditions apply:
- Fluid grease Shell Tonna S3 M 220 and piston distributor made by SKF
  - Lubrication channels must be filled
  - Ambient temperature T = 20 – 30 °C

**Design example for lubrication of a typical 2-axis application with centralized lubrication**
**X-axis**

Component or parameter	Given data
<b>Ball runner block</b>	Size 35; 4 pcs.; C = 51,800 N; Material numbers: R1651 323 20
<b>Ball guide rail</b>	Size 35; 2 rails; L = 1,500 mm; part numbers: R1605 333 61
<b>Combined equivalent dynamic load on bearing</b>	$F_{\text{comb}} = 12,570 \text{ N}$ (per ball runner block) considering the preload (here C2)
<b>Stroke</b>	500 mm
<b>Average linear speed</b>	$v_m = 1 \text{ m/s}$
<b>Temperature</b>	20 – 30 °C
<b>Mounting orientation</b>	Horizontal
<b>Lubrication</b>	Single-line centralized lubrication system for all axes with liquid grease Dynalub 520
<b>Exposure to contaminants</b>	No exposure to fluids, chips, dust

**Design variables**

1. Normal or short-stroke?

**Design input (per runner block)**

Normal stroke:

 $\text{Stroke} \geq 2 \cdot \text{ball runner block length } B_1$ 
 $500 \text{ mm} \geq 2 \cdot 77 \text{ mm}$ 
 $500 \text{ mm} \geq 154 \text{ mm!}$ 

i.e. normal stroke applicable!

**Information sources**

 ▶ Normal stroke formula, ball runner block length  $B_1$ 

2. Initial lubrication quantity

1 lube port, initial lubrication quantity: pre-lubricated with Dynalub 510 before shipment

▶ Initial lubrication amount from table 5

3. Relubrication quantity

 1 lube port, relubrication quantity:  $2.2 \text{ cm}^3$  (2x)

▶ Relubrication amount from table 7

4. Mounting orientation

Mounting orientation 1 – normal stroke (horizontal)

▶ Installation position from overview

5. Piston distributor size

 Permissible piston distributor size:  $0.1 \text{ cm}^3$ 

▶ Piston distributor size from table 9 size 35, installation position I (horizontal)

6. Number of pulses

$$\text{Number of pulses} = \frac{2 \cdot 2.2 \text{ cm}^3}{0.1 \text{ cm}^3} = 44$$

 ▶ Number of pulses =  $\frac{\text{Quantity} \cdot \text{relubrication amount}}{\text{perm. piston distributor size}}$ 

7. Load ratio

$$\text{Load ratio} = \frac{12,570 \text{ N}}{51,800 \text{ N}} = 0.24$$

 ▶ Load ratio =  $F_{\text{comb}}/C$   
 $F_{\text{comb}}$  and C from specifications

8. relubrication interval

Relubrication interval: 2,150 km

▶ Relubrication interval from diagram 4: Curve size 35 at load ratio 0.24

9. Lubrication cycle

$$\text{Lube cycle} = \frac{2,150 \text{ km}}{44} = 48 \text{ km}$$

 ▶ Lube cycle =  $\frac{\text{relubrication interval}}{\text{Number of pulses}}$ 
**Interim result (X-axis)**

 With the X-axis, you must insert a minimum amount of  $0.1 \text{ cm}^3$  Dynalub 520 per ball runner block every 48 km.

**Y-axis**

Component or parameter	Given data
Ball runner block	Size 25; 4 pcs.; C = 28,600 N; Material numbers: R1651 223 20
Ball guide rail	Size 25; 2 rails; L = 1,000 mm; part numbers: R1605 232 31
Combined equivalent dynamic load on bearing	$F_{comb} = 3,420$ N (per ball runner block) considering the preload (here C2)
Stroke	50 mm (short stroke)
Average linear speed	$v_m = 1$ m/s
Temperature	20 – 30 °C
Mounting orientation	Vertical
Lubrication	Single-line centralized lubrication system for all axes with liquid grease Dynalub 520
Exposure to contaminants	No exposure to fluids, chips, dust

Design variables	Design input (per runner block)	Information sources
1. Normal or short-stroke?	Normal stroke: Stroke $\geq 2 \cdot$ ball runner block length $B_1$ 50 mm $\geq 2 \cdot 57.8$ mm 50 mm $< 115.6$ mm! i.e. short stroke applicable!	▶ Normal stroke formula, ball runner block length $B_1$
2. Initial lubrication quantity	2 lube ports, initial lubrication quantity per lube port: pre-lubricated with Dynalub 510 before shipment	▶ Initial lubrication amount from table 6
3. Relubrication quantity	2 lube ports, relubrication quantity per port: 1.4 cm <sup>3</sup> (2x)	▶ Relubrication amount from table 8
4. Mounting orientation	Mounting orientation V – short stroke (vertical to inclined horizontal)	▶ Installation position from overview
5. Piston distributor size	Permissible piston distributor size: 0.03 cm <sup>3</sup>	▶ Piston distributor size from table 9 size 25, installation position V (vertical to inclined horizontal)
6. Number of pulses	Pulse count = $\frac{2 \cdot 1.4 \text{ cm}^3}{0.03 \text{ cm}^3} = 94$	▶ Number of pulses = $\frac{\text{Quantity} \cdot \text{relubrication amount}}{\text{perm. piston distributor size}}$
7. Load ratio	Load ratio = $\frac{3,420 \text{ N}}{28,600 \text{ N}} = 0.12$	▶ Load ratio = $F_{comb}/C$ $F_{comb}$ and C from specifications
8. relubrication interval	Relubrication interval: 7,500 km	▶ Relubrication interval from diagram 4: Curve size 25 at load ratio 0.12
9. Lubrication cycle	Lube cycle = $\frac{7,500 \text{ km}}{94} = 80$ km	▶ Lube cycle = $\frac{\text{relubrication interval}}{\text{Number of pulses}}$

**Interim result (Y-axis)**  
With the Y-axis, you must insert a minimum amount of 0.03 cm<sup>3</sup> Dynalub 520 per ball runner block and lube port every 80 km.

**Final result (two-axis lubrication)**  
Since both axes are to be supplied by a single-line consumption lubrication system in this example, the X-axis with its lower lubrication cycle of 48 km determines the overall cycle, i.e. the Y-axis is also lubricated every 48 km.

**The number of ports and the minimum lubricant quantities determined for each axis remain the same.**

**Lubrication from above, lubrication from above without lubrication adapter**

For all ball runner blocks prepared for lubrication from above.

(Exceptions: high ball runner blocks SNH R1621 and SLH R1624)

In the O-ring recess there is a further pre-formed small recess (1).

Do not drill it open.

Risk of contamination!

1. Heat up a pointed metal punch (2) with diameter of 0.8 mm.
2. Use the metal spike to carefully open the recess (1) and pierce it.

Pay attention to the maximum permissible depth  $T_{max}$  stated in the table!

3. Insert the O-ring (3) into the recess (the O-ring is not supplied with the ball runner block.

Ball runner block accessory)

**Lubrication from above with lube adapter**  
(Ball runner block accessory)

A lube adapter is needed for high runner blocks, if lubrication is to be performed through the carriage.

In the O-ring recess there is a further pre-formed small recess (1).

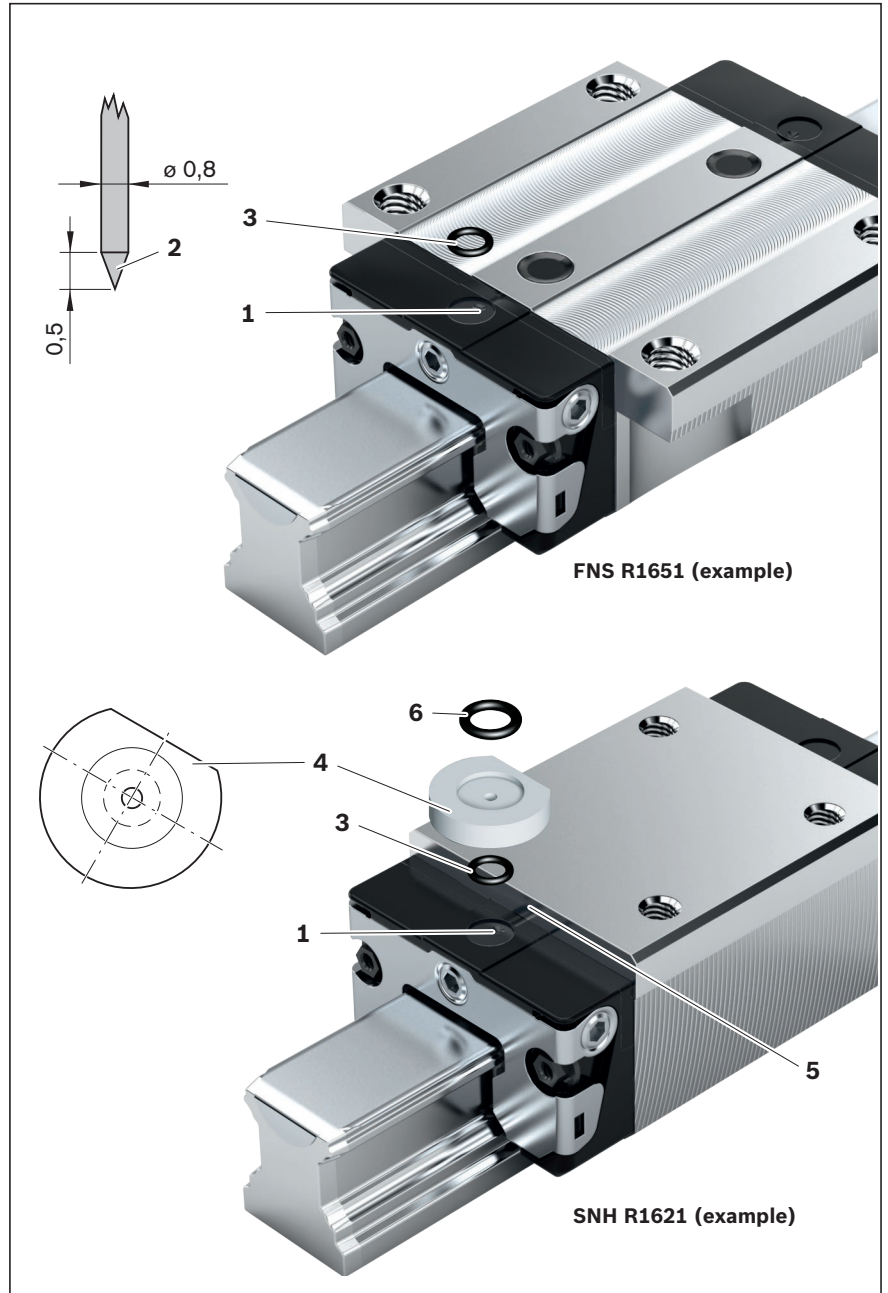
Do not drill it open.

Risk of contamination!

1. Heat up a pointed metal punch (2) with diameter of 0.8 mm.
2. Use the metal spike to carefully open the recess (1) and pierce it.

Pay attention to the maximum permissible depth  $T_{max}$  stated in the table!

3. Insert O-ring (3) in the recess (O-ring is supplied with the lube adapter).
4. Insert the lube adapter at a slant into the recess and press the straight side (4) against the steel part (5). Use grease to fix the adapter in place.
5. Place O-ring (6) in the lube adapter (O-ring is supplied with the lube adapter).



Size	Lubrication opening at top: Maximum permissible depth for piercing $T_{max}$ (mm)	
	Ball runner block standard height/high	Ball runner block low profile
15	3.6	-
20	3.9	4.4
25	3.3	4.9
30	6.6	-
35	7.5	-
45	8.8	-
20/40	4.0	-
25/70	2.1	-
35/90	7.9	-

